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On geometric circulant matrices with geometric sequence. (English) Zbl 1546.15016
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After an introduction where a review of the literature on k -circulant matrices is given, the author presents and motivates the definition of a related class of matrices defined by *C. Kızılateş* and *N. Tuğlu* [J. Inequal. Appl. 2016, Paper No. 312, 15 p. (2016; Zbl 1349.15060)], namely *geometric circulant matrices*, i.e., matrices completely determined by a nonzero complex number $k \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$ and their first row in the sense that they are of the following form:

$$\text{circ}_n\{k^*(c_0, c_1, c_2, \dots, c_{n-1})\} = \begin{pmatrix} c_0 & c_1 & c_2 & \dots & c_{n-2} & c_{n-1} \\ kc_{n-1} & c_0 & c_1 & \dots & c_{n-3} & c_{n-2} \\ k^2c_{n-2} & kc_{n-1} & c_0 & \dots & c_{n-4} & c_{n-3} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ k^{n-2}c_2 & k^{n-3}c_3 & k^{n-4}c_4 & \dots & c_0 & c_1 \\ k^{n-1}c_1 & k^{n-2}c_2 & k^{n-3}c_3 & \dots & kc_{n-1} & c_0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

More specifically, the paper examines a special case of geometric circulant matrices, where the entries in the first row form a geometric progression of common ratio $q \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$ and of scale factor $g \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$. In other words, the author considers matrices of the form

$$\text{circ}_n\{k^*(g, gq, gq^2, \dots, gq^{n-1})\},$$

and studies their determinant, Frobenius norm, as well as bounds for the spectral norm (i.e., the matrix norm induced by the ℓ_2 -norm for vectors).

The main original results obtained and proved in this article generally come in pairs:

- An explicit formula (depending on k , n and q) is obtained for $\det(Q)$, where

$$Q = \text{circ}_n\{k^*(1, q, q^2, \dots, q^{n-1})\}.$$

This formula is then used to obtain an analogous formula for $\det(G)$, where

$$G = \text{circ}_n\{k^*(g, gq, gq^2, \dots, gq^{n-1})\}.$$

- The Moore-Penrose inverse of

$$\text{circ}_n\left\{\left(\frac{1}{q^n}\right)^*(1, q, q^2, \dots, q^{n-1})\right\}$$

is obtained for arbitrary natural number $n > 1$. This serves as a springboard for the computation of the Moore-Penrose of

$$\text{circ}_n\left\{\left(\frac{1}{q^n}\right)^*(g, gq, gq^2, \dots, gq^{n-1})\right\}$$

for arbitrary natural number $n > 1$.

- The Moore-Penrose inverse of

$$\text{circ}_n\{(-1)^*(1, -1, 1, \dots, -1, 1)\}$$

is obtained for arbitrary odd natural number $n > 1$. Once again, this serves as a springboard for the computation of the Moore-Penrose of

$$\text{circ}_n\{(-1)^*(g, -g, g, \dots, -g, g)\}$$

for arbitrary odd natural number $n > 1$.

Lastly, and perhaps most interestingly, explicit formulas for the Frobenius norm of

$$\text{circ}_n\{k^*(g, gq, gq^2, \dots, gq^{n-1})\}$$

are derived, along with upper and lower bounds for their spectral norm.

It is worth highlighting that the article contains a number of numerical examples to aid understanding.

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MSC:

- [15B05](#) Toeplitz, Cauchy, and related matrices
- [15A09](#) Theory of matrix inversion and generalized inverses
- [15A15](#) Determinants, permanents, traces, other special matrix functions
- [15A60](#) Norms of matrices, numerical range, applications of functional analysis to matrix theory
- [11C20](#) Matrices, determinants in number theory

Keywords:

[geometric circulant matrix](#); [geometric sequence](#); [determinant of a matrix](#); [norms of a matrix](#); [generalized inverses of a matrix](#)

Full Text: [DOI](#)

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